



# History Knowledge Organiser: Year 2

## Autumn 2 - Remembrance



### What we already know:

- Lots of people all over the country, remember the people who have died at war, during remembrance week.
- Men went to war and many lost their lives during WWI and WWII.
- The names of the men who had lived in Catherington village, and died in WWI, are written on the Lychgate at Catherington Church.
- People commemorate (remember and show respect for) those service men who died at war by making things with poppies and going to special services.
- People do a 2 minute silence as way to show respect every year on 11th November.
- Poppies were pressed and sent home by soldiers on the battlefields.

### Key Vocabulary:

- War
- Poppy
- Fighting
- Remembrance
- Commemorate
- Remember
- Respect
- Love
- Courage
- Memorial
- Service men
- Poetry
- Brigade surgeon
- Flanders Field

### What we are going to learn:

- Flanders Field is in France used to fight and many men died there not just British soldiers.
- Poppies grew in the field once the fighting stopped.
- John McCrae was a brigade surgeon from WWI who wrote the poem. 'In Flanders Field'.
- John McCrae used poetry to commemorate his friend and encourage the soldiers to keep going.
- People commemorate British soldiers by reading war poetry
- People today read this poem to remember what happened during WWI.
- The poem 'In Flanders Field' led to the poppy being used as a symbol of remembrance.